CONTENTS

Theme	Lesson	Grammar Focus	Page
	1	Wh- questions	
a. Hanna	2	Present Simple tense	
1. Home	3	Present Simple tense	4 - 11
	4	Present Simple tense	
	1	Like + a noun	
	2	<i>Like</i> + gerund	
2. School	3	Past Continuous tense	12 - 19
	4	Past Simple tense	
	1	Present Simple tense and adjectives for appearance	
3. Friends	2	Present Continuous tense	20 - 27
J. Menus	3	Need + noun phrases	20-21
	4	Present Simple tense and adjectives for character	
	1	Wh- questions	
	2	Past Simple tense	
4. Entertainment	3	Past Simple tense	28 - 35
	4	Like + gerund	
	1	Pronouns: this, these, it, them	
5. Around town	2	Determiners: a, an, some and the	
	3	Prepositions of position: next to, near, opposite and between	36 - 43
	4	Present Simple tense	

CONTENTS

Theme	Lesson	Grammar Focus	Page
	1	Present Perfect tense	
C. Doomootion	2	Adverbs of frequency	F4
6. Recreation	3	Present Continuous tense	44 - 51
	4	Relative clauses	
	1	Ability: can/can't	
7 Dahah	2	Giving reasons with because	F0 F0
7. Robots	3	Superlative adjectives	52 - 59
	4	Necessity with have to	
	1	Future plans with <i>be going to</i>	
8. The World	2	Comparative adjectives	
Around Us	3	Reported speech	60 - 67
	4	Giving advice with should or shouldn't	
	1	Prepositions of position: <i>in, by, under</i> and <i>on</i>	
9. The Future	2	Future Simple tense	68 - 75
J. The ruture	3	Specific preferences with would rather	00 - 75
	4	Predictions with <i>will</i> or <i>won't</i>	
	1	Yes/no questions with do	
10. The Nature	2	Wh- questions	70 00
World	3	The Future Simple tense	76 - 83
	4	Quantities with how much or how many	



Grammar

Wh-questions

We can use wh- questions to ask for information. Wh- questions use question words that include w and h. We use different question words to ask about different information:

- What to ask for information about something
- Where to ask about places
- Who to ask about a person

Form wh-questions with a question word + do/does + subject + infinitive without to.

Question word	Auxiliary verb	Subject	Infinitive without to	
What	ala	N COLU	do	after school?
Who	do	you	live	with?
Where	does	she	live?	

, G	A Tick (🗸) the corre	ct sentence	•	
0	What do you live?	2	Who do live with?	
	Where you do live?		Who do you live with?	
	Where do you live?		Where do you live with?	
3	Where your father work?		What does your mother work?	
	What does father work?		Where work does your mother?	
	Where does your father work?		Where does your mother work?	
5	Where does her aunt work?	6	Where does she after work?	
	Where work her aunt?		What she do after work?	
	What does her aunt work?		What does she do after work?	
, G	B Find eight words it	n the word	UITA	
0			seloffic to	
3			- delofficestores	
5	6			
7	8			



Read the conversation. Complete the questions with one question word.

Mark: Lisa: I live in Sydne		Mark:	_ do you do after school' y friends.
Mark: Lisa: I live with my	do you live with? mother, father and brother.	Mark:after school	_ does your brother do ?
Mark:	does your mother work?	Lisa: He does his h	nomework.
Mark: Lisa: He works at t	does your father work? he airport.		
Wr Wr	ite questions for the ans	swers.	
0		2	
A:		A:	
B: He lives with hi and sister.	s mother, father	B: She works in a fo	actory.
3		4	
A:		A:	
B: His uncle works	s in a hotel.	B: They live in a big	g city in Germany.
5		6	
A:		A:	
B: She is 12 years		B: He plays sports of homework.	



Grammar

Present Simple tense: habits or routines

We can use the **present simple tense** to talk about habits or routines.

Form the present simple positive with the bare infinitive. In the third person singular add

-s and add -es for verbs ending in -ch, -sh, -s,

-ss, -z, -o and -x, and -y (-y changes to -i).

Form the negative with do/does + not + bare infinitive.

Contractions are common: don't (= do not) and doesn't (= does not).

Subject	Auxiliary verb	Verb	
l You		make	
He/She/It		makes	dinner.
We		make	
They		iliuke	
He/She/It		does	the dishes.
ne/ sile/ ii		studies	after school.
They	don't	do	the laundry.
He/She/It	doesn't	clean	the floor.

Make the sentences negative. 1 I do the dishes. 2 I make breakfast. 3 My brother cleans the bathroom. 4 My father makes dinner. 5 My mother sweeps the floor. 6 My grandfather does the dishes.

© B Compl	ete the phrases w	ith <i>do</i>	, clean, c	or make.
1 the k	kitchen	2		lunch
3 the k	pedroom	4	-	the shopping
5 the l	aundry	6		breakfast
© C Match	the questions witl	h the a	answers	•
1 Who feeds the fis	sh?		• A	My mother does the laundry.
2 Does your sister v	vater the plants?		• B	No, I don't.
3 Who does the lea	ast housework?		• C	I feed the fish.
4 Do you sweep the	e floor?	•	• D	He does the shopping and makes lunch.
What housework	does your father do?	•	• 🖪	My brother does the least housework.
6 What housework	does your mother do	? •	• 🕝	Yes, she does.
© D Write	answers to the qu	estio	ns. Use f	ull sentences.
1 What housework	do you do?	2	Who mal	kes dinner?
-				
3 Does your father	do the dishes?	4	Who cled	ans the kitchen?
5 Does your mother	do the shopping?	6	Who doe	es the most housework?

HOME



Grammar

Present Simple tense: fact

We can use the **present simple tense** to talk about something that is true (or not true) now. Form the **present simple tense** for something that is true (or not true) now, in the same way as we use the **present simple tense** to talk about habits or routines.

Positive sentences (facts)			Negative sentences			
Subject	Verb	Object	Subject Auxiliary verb Obj			Object
I	live	in a house.	They	don't	live	in London.
Jim's house	has (have)	a garden.	Jill's apartment	doesn't	have	a pool.

*G A

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets.

- 1 Sally _____ (live) in an apartment.
- 2 We _____ (live) on the sixth floor.
- 3 Anna's house _____ (have) three bedrooms.
- Bill's house doesn't _____ (have) a basement.
- [5] I______ (live) in a house. It _____ (have) a big garden.
- 6 Peter's apartment _____ (be) on the fifteenth floor.

G B

Complete the words with vowels. Match the words with the pictures.











o C	Rewrite the words in order.
0	ive/apartment/house/a/or/ vou/an/do/in?
2	nany/have/it/how/ pedrooms/does?
3	loes/garden/have/a/it?
4	t/on/floor/what/is?
5	pasement/it/does/a/have?
6	nave/does/balcony/it/a?
1	Make questions with the prompts. Write answers to the questions. Use full sentences. ve/an apartment?
2	vhat/floor?
3	ave/a garden?



40

Present Simple tense: fact

Use the **present simple tense** to talk about something that is true (or not true), such as a fact. Form the **present simple tense** for facts, in the same way as we use the **present simple tense** to talk about habits or routines and for something that is true (or not true) now.

Positive sentences (facts)			Negative sentences			
Subject	Verb	Object	Subject Auxiliary Verb			Object
Diwali	is	a holiday in India.	J	don't	decorate	a tree at Christmas.
People	wear	traditional clothes during Seollal.	She	doesn't	celebrate	Chuseok.

During Halloween, people wearing costumes and go trick or treating. Chinese people eat mooncakes during Mid-Autumn Festival. Seollal be a holiday in South Korea. On Kwanzaa, people is decorate their house. In Europe, children get gifts for Christmas.	@	Tick (🗸) or correct the statements.	
3 Seollal be a holiday in South Korea. 4 On Kwanzaa, people is decorate their house. 5 In Europe, children get gifts for Christmas.	0	During Halloween, people wearing costumes and go trick or treating.	
On Kwanzaa, people is decorate their house. In Europe, children get gifts for Christmas.	2	Chinese people eat mooncakes during Mid-Autumn Festival.	
In Europe, children get gifts for Christmas.	3	Seollal be a holiday in South Korea.	
	4	On Kwanzaa, people is decorate their house.	
Thanksgiving is be on the fourth Thursday of November.	5	In Europe, children get gifts for Christmas.	
	6	Thanksgiving is be on the fourth Thursday of November.	