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## Grammar Like + V-ing

We can use **like + V-ing (gerund)** to talk about things you enjoy doing.

In the Present Simple tense, for positive sentences (for likes), the form is **subject + like + V-ing**. For negative sentences (for dislikes), the form is **subject + do/does not + like + V-ing**.

Contractions are common: **don't = do not** and **doesn't = does not**.

Positive		
Subject	Verb	V-ing + Object
I	like	going fishing.
He	likes	playing the guitar.

Negative			
Subject	Auxiliary verb	Verb	V-ing + Object
They	don't	like	collecting posters.
She	doesn't	like	doing martial arts.

Question				
Question word	Auxiliary verb	Subject	Verb	V-ing + Object
	Do	you	like	collecting coins?
	Does	she		
What	do	you	like	playing after school?

Answer			
Yes/No	Subject	Auxiliary verb	Verb + V-ing (+ Object)
Yes/No,	I	do/don't.	
Yes/No,	she	does/doesn't.	
	I		like playing soccer.



### A Write questions using the prompts. Match your questions with the answers.

1 you/like/play/tennis

\_\_\_\_\_ ?

2 she/like/collect/stamps

\_\_\_\_\_ ?

3 they/like/go/fishing

\_\_\_\_\_ ?

4 What/you/like/do/in/free time

\_\_\_\_\_ ?

5 Tony/like/do/aerobics

\_\_\_\_\_ ?

a Yes, they do.

b I like going bowling.

c No, he doesn't.

d Yes, she does.

e No, I don't.

**B****Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Rewrite the incorrect sentences.**

- 1 I like go fishing.
- 
- 2 Does he like collecting posters?
- 
- 3 Does they like playing soccer?
- 
- 4 I likes doing martial arts.
- 
- 5 Do you like watching TV?
- 
- 6 Do you liking going to the mall?
- 

**C****Complete the conversation with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.****Ben:** What do you like (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (do) in your free time?**Emma:** I like (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (go) fishing.**Emma:** How about you, Ben?**Ben:** I like (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (play) table tennis.**Emma:** What about your sister? (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (do) she like (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (play) table tennis, too?**Ben:** No, she (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (do).**D****Write answers to the questions. Use full sentences.**

- 1 What do you like doing in your free time?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Do you like playing baseball?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 What does your father like doing in his free time?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 What does your mother like doing in her free time?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Does your mother like listening to music?  
\_\_\_\_\_



**Grammar**

**Present Continuous tense for ongoing activities**

We can use the **Present Continuous tense** to talk about things happening at the moment (now).  
 The **Present Continuous tense** is made from the present tense of the verb **be** and the **-ing** form of a verb.

Positive	Negative	V-ing and object
I'm	I'm not	watching the movie.
You're	You aren't	
He/She/It's	He/She/It isn't	
We/They're	We/They aren't	

Question	
Are they	watching TV?
Is he	listening to music?

Answer
No, they aren't.
Yes, he is.



**A Write the -ing form of the verbs.**

- 1 play \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 have \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 go \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 watch \_\_\_\_\_

- 5 shop \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 read \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 learn \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 play \_\_\_\_\_



**B Tick (✓) the correct sentences.**

- 1 Tony is watch TV.
- Tony is watching TV.

- 2 He's reading a book at home.
- He reading a book at home.

- 3 Yes, I are.
- Yes, you are.

- 4 No, we isn't.
- No, we aren't.



**C**

**Make the sentences into Yes/No questions.**

- 1 Tony is reading a book in the park. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 He's learning how to paint at the art gallery. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 They're watching a soccer game at the stadium. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 She's listening to music at home. \_\_\_\_\_



**D**

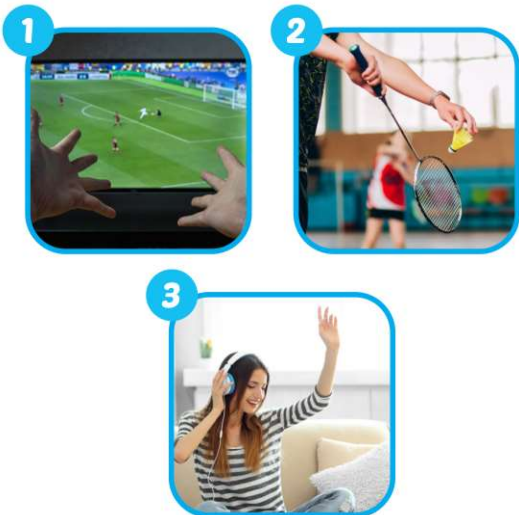
**Write positive (+) and negative (-) sentences and questions (?). Use the Present Continuous tense.**

- 1 (?) what/you/do  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 (+) I/shop/mall  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 (-) she/do/homework/library  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 (?) she/do/yoga/home  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 (+) yes/she  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 (-) no/they  
\_\_\_\_\_



**E**

**Answer the question using the pictures.**



What are you doing?

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_



## Grammar

**Too and either...or...****Too**

We can use **too** to agree with what someone has said, or to say that we have a similar idea. We usually say it at the end of the sentence. It is often separated with a comma. We don't use **too** to respond to negative statements.

*I do, **too**.*

*Me **too**.*

*I want to go to the circus, **too**.*

**Either...or...**

We can use **either...or...** to show two choices.

*We could **either** go to the park **or** the stadium.*



## A

**Write sentences with the two choices using either...or...**

1 we/could/go/arcade/stadium

---

2 we/could/play/basketball/tennis

---

3 we/could/eat/burgers/pizza

---

4 we/could/go/library/café

---

5 we/could/watch/TV/listen/radio

---

6 we/could/drink/water/soda

---

**B****Complete the conversation with *too* or *either...or*.**

**Hannah:** What can we do next weekend?

**Fred:** We could (1) \_\_\_\_\_ go to the concert (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the circus.

**Hannah:** I want to go to the circus. I think it'll be fun.

**Fred:** I do, (3) \_\_\_\_\_.

**Bella:** I don't want to go to the circus. I think it'll be crowded.

**Fred:** OK. We could (4) \_\_\_\_\_ go to the park (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the bookstore.

**Bella:** I want to buy some books.

**Hannah:** Me (6) \_\_\_\_\_. Let's go to the bookstore.

**Fred:** OK.

**C****Match the statements with the responses.**

- |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 I want to go to the rock concert.             | • | • | a OK, great. I want to go on some rides.                      |
| 2 We could either go to the arcade or the park. | • | • | b I do, too. I love that band.                                |
| 3 Let's go to the amusement park.               | • | • | c I don't want to go to the arcade. I think it'll be crowded. |

**D****Reply to the statements using the words in brackets. Use full sentences. Use your own ideas for questions 2 and 4.**

- 1 I like concerts. I think they're really fun. (too)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 What can we do this weekend? (either...or...)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 I want to go to the amusement park. (too)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Let's go to the water park. What else can we do? (either...or)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 I want to go to the movies on the weekend. (too)  
\_\_\_\_\_



**Grammar** Reflexive pronouns

**Reflexive pronouns** end in *-self* or *-selves*. We use them when the object and the subject of the verb are the same. We can use **reflexive pronouns** with **by** to talk about things people do or have done alone or without any help.

*I go running by **myself**.*

Subject pronoun	Reflexive pronoun
I	myself
you (singular)	yourself
he	himself
she	herself
it	itself
we	ourselves
you (plural)	yourselves
they	themselves

**A** Complete the sentences with the correct reflexive pronouns.

- I go rock climbing by \_\_\_\_\_.
- She does aerobics by \_\_\_\_\_.
- They like going fishing by \_\_\_\_\_.
- We play tennis by \_\_\_\_\_.
- He often goes running by \_\_\_\_\_.
- Do you practice playing basketball by \_\_\_\_\_?
- A dog can play by \_\_\_\_\_.

**B**

**Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Rewrite the incorrect sentences. The subject pronouns are all correct.**

- 1 I like going fishing at the lake myself.

---

- 2 She goes running every night by her.

---

- 3 They do rock climbing at the sports center by ourselves.

---

- 4 Emma goes surfing at the beach every weekend by myself.

---

- 5 Joe and Bill do free running near their houses to themselves.

---

- 6 You always play soccer by yourself.

---


**C**

**Match the two sentence halves.**

- |                                   |   |                                  |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| 1 I like to go rock climbing      | • | • a ourselves how to skateboard. |
| 2 Tom always does yoga            | • | • b by himself.                  |
| 3 We taught                       | • | • c yourself a surfboard.        |
| 4 Leila and her family go sailing | • | • d by themselves.               |
| 5 You bought                      | • | • e by myself.                   |

**D**

**Write three sentences about yourself, your friends, or your your family. Use reflexive pronouns.**

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_