

1 Match the pictures to the words.

beef cheeseburger and chips salad

fish pizza vegetables

fruit rice and beans water

(2) Circle the items in activity 1 you think are good for you.

3 In groups, compare your choices in activity 2. Are they similar or different?





### Do some research.

- a Find out what the phrases **healthy food** and **junk food** mean. Then make notes.
- b What makes food good or bad for you?

\_\_\_\_

c Share your ideas in small groups.

### Did you know?

People usually have three meals a day: breakfast, lunch, and dinner. Doctors recommend healthy snacks between meals.

# **Building blocks**



Read the dialogue below. Put the lines in the correct order. Then listen and check.



# Savannah Hmm... Yes, please.

- Olivia, do you take packed lunches to school or do you buy your food at the school canteen?
- Good idea. I can try that.

  I have a packed lunch, too, but it isn't always very healthy. I like cold pizza, crisps, and

chocolate, and I don't like salad.

#### Olivia

- Try to include some fruit. Then you can change your lunch bit by bit.
- Let's start now. Would you like an apple?
- I always have a packed lunch. I like to include my favourite healthy foods: cheese sandwich with salad, fruit, and juice. What about you?
- Here you are!

6	Read tl	he dia	logue	in a	ctiv	ity 5	and	writ	te T	(true) o	r F (false	e).

- Olivia usually buys lunch at the school canteen.
- Savannah likes junk food.
- Olivia wants to help Savannah change her school lunch.
- Savannah loves salad.
- Savannah thinks she can try to change her eating habits.

# 7 Look at the

Look at the highlighted phrases in the dialogue and write them in the correct spaces below.

- a A phrase that means the same as **little by little**.
- b A polite way of offering something.
- c A polite way of accepting an offer.
- d A phrase that means the same as **And you?**
- e Something you say when you give or offer something to someone.

## 8 We can put foods in different groups. Do the activities about food groups.

- a Match the names of the food groups to the foods.
  1 fat 2 fruit 3 grains 4 protein 5 vegetables
  - brown rice, cereal, crackers, pasta, wholemeal bread
  - beans, beef, cheese, chicken, eggs, fish, milk, nuts, yoghurt
  - butter, canola oil, olive oil
  - broccoli, carrots, corn, aubergines, lettuce, spinach, sweet potatoes, tomatoes, turnips
  - apples, bananas, grapes, mangoes, melon, oranges, pears, pineapple, strawberries, watermelon
- b Label each food group below.



## Do the quiz below and check what you know.

- Which vitamin are carrots especially rich in?
  - Vitamin A.
  - Vitamin B.
  - Vitamin C.
- What percentage of your daily calories should be starchy foods like bread and potatoes?
  - 25%
  - 33%
  - 47%

- What is the maximum amount of salt you should have every day?
  - 1 teaspoon.
  - 2 teaspoons.
  - 3 teaspoons.
- Bananas help your blood pressure and heart function because they have lots of
  - fibre.
  - potassium.
  - carbohydrates.

- Calcium is very important for your bones. Which of these is the richest source of calcium?
  - Milk.
  - Beef.
  - Fruits.

#### Scores

3 - 4 correct answers

Congrats, you're a nutrition whiz!

1 – 2 correct answers

Good! You already think about nutrition.

0 correct answerss

Well, it's a good idea to start thinking about nutrition.



# **Explore**

Imagine you are at the supermarket buying some snacks. Choose five of these products to put in your basket.



- 2 ln pairs, compare your choices in activity 1. Are they similar?
- (3) Read the text below to find out how healthy your choices are.



- Tick the correct statements. Then read and check.

  The text is part of a medical magazine.

  The text is on a web page.

  Adolescents need more vitamins than adults.

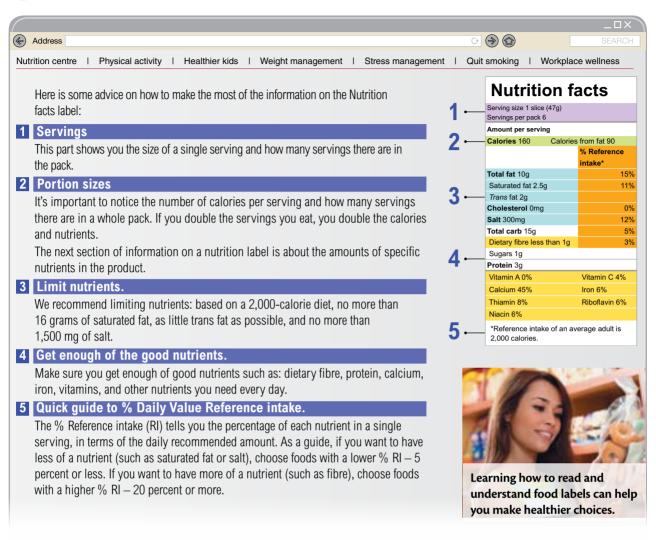
  Tick the correct statements. Then read and check.

  Nuts don't have proteins.

  Chips have lots of fibre and vitamins.

  Teenagers experience benefits when they change to a healthier diet.
- Make combinations of healthy snacks using the products in activity 1.

#### There is a guide to food nutrition labels below. Read it and do the activities that follow.

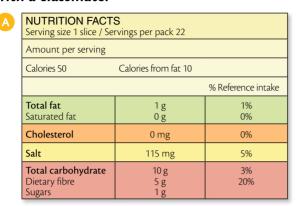


## Complete the sentences using the guide to Nutrition facts labels. The first one is done for you.

	a The <u>green</u> part shows the number of calories per serving. To know exactly how many calories you are consuming, you need to think about the number of servings you want to have.							
	b	The part shows the nutrients that we should not consume a lot of. They can be bad for our health.						
	С	The part shows the nutrients that are good for our health. We should try to get 100% of the fibre, vitamins, and other nutrients we need every day.						
	d	The part in tells us the percentage of each nutrient in a single serving, in relation to the daily recommended amount.						
	e	The part in shows the size of a single serving and how many servings are in the pack.						
8	W	There can you usually find food nutrition labels?  Inside medicine boxes.  On industrialized food packets.  On fresh fruit packs.						



# Now read these two bread nutrition labels. Which one is healthier? Why? Discuss it with a classmate.



	NUTRITION FACTS Serving size 2 slices (50 g) / Servings per container 9					
P	Amount per serving					
(	Calories 130	Calories from fat 10				
			% Reference intake			
T	<b>Total fat</b> Saturated fat Trans fat	1 g 0 g 0 g	2% 0% 0%			
C	Cholesterol	0 mg	0%			
S	ialt	240 mg	10%			
1	<b>Total carbohydrate</b> Dietary fibre Sugars	25 g 1 g less than 1 g	8% 4%			

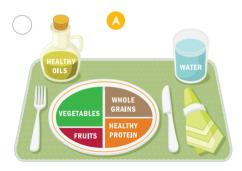
- Look at the two plates in activity 12 on this page. Which one, in your opinion, shows what specialists call a "healthy eating plate"?
- Listen to the podcast of an interview with diet specialist Dr. Hearts. Tick the option that indicates its purpose.
  - To explain that sausages are bad for your health.
  - To describe a healthy eating plate.

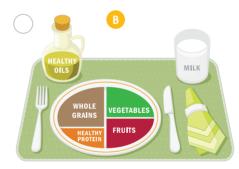
Did you know?

A **podcast** is an audio file like a radio broadcast, which can be downloaded from a website.



#### Listen to the podcast again and tick the image that is closer to Dr. Hearts's description.





- 13 Tick the ideas shared by Dr. Hearts in the podcast.
  - a Vegetables and fruit should take up half of your plate.
  - b Brown rice and white rice have the same nutritional value.
  - c Half of your plate should be protein.
  - d Sausages contain lots of fat and salt.
  - e Healthy oils help reduce harmful cholesterol and are good for the heart.
- 14) Your turn. Discuss the following questions with a classmate.
  - a Do you listen to podcasts? If so, what type of podcasts are you interested in?
  - **b** Do you think about what you eat? Which food group is more present in your diet? How do you choose what you eat?

### Sync •))



People around the world eat differently. Listen to these interviews and find out what the three people have for breakfast. Match each breakfast to a person.



#### Did you know?

**Chutney** is a cold food made with a mixture of vegetables, fruit, and spices.







- Cold meats, cheese, and bread with coffee.
- Fresh bread, white cheese, tomatoes, cucumber, olives, and coffee.
- Chutney, jam, cheese or butter with different types of bread.

# Read part of the transcript of the first interview in activity 15. Then write the important stages of a street interview.

**Colin** Good morning, London! This is Colin Lewis from Channel 99. Today's programme is about a very important meal: breakfast. We want to know what people eat for breakfast. [...] Excuse me! Can I talk to you?

Fatima Oh, sure.

**Colin** I'm Colin Lewis from Channel 99. We are interviewing people to know what they eat for breakfast. Can you tell us your name and where you are from, please?

**Fatima** I'm Fatima, and I'm from Morocco.

**Colin** Fatima, what do you usually have for breakfast?

Fatima At home, we frequently have different types of bread with cheese, chutney, jam, or butter. I prefer

bread with jam and butter [...].

**Colin** Thanks a lot, Fatima. It sounds delicious!

- a The interviewer approaches Fatima politely. \_\_\_\_\_\_
- b The interviewer explains to Fatima who he is and what he is doing.
- c The interviewer asks Fatima to identify herself.



Follow the steps in activity 16 and interview a few classmates.

# Toolbox

Read what Erich said about breakfast in Germany. Then do the activities.



"Well, a typical German breakfast has lots of cheese, bread, and cold meats. My mother doesn't eat cold meats, but my dad does. He usually has a coffee with his breakfast."

a	The text above describes
	habits and routines.
	actions happening at this moment
b	The verb tense is the
	Present continuous.
	Present simple.

C	Compl	ete	the	table.

I / you	eat	don't eat
he / she / it		
we / you / they	eat	don't eat

Read Hassan's comments about breakfast in his country. Complete the sentences below using the verbs in brackets.

- a Hassan and his family always \_\_\_\_\_ (have) lots of bread, olives, and cheese for breakfast.
- b Hassan \_\_\_\_\_ (love) olives.
- c He frequently \_\_\_\_\_ (drink) fruit juice and sometimes coffee.
- d He \_\_\_\_\_(like) tea.



What do the words always, frequently, usually, and sometimes have in common?

- They express frequency.
- They express place.
- They express time.

4 Look at the table and answer the questions.

Adverbs of frequency								
Always	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	
Usually	~	~	~	~	<b>'</b>			
Frequently	~	<b>~</b>	~	~				
Sometimes	<b>V</b>	~	~					
Rarely	~							
Never								

- a How often does Erich's father have coffee with his breakfast? V V V V
- b How often does Fatima eat bread at breakfast? V V V
- c How often does she eat cold meats? (-)
- d How often does Hassan drink coffee? ✓ ✓ ✓

## Read this blog presentation page. Then answer the questions.





#### Ingredients

4 chicken breast fillets, 1 lemon zest and juice, 2 tbsp of olive oil, 4 tsp of Moroccan spices mix, 300 g of quinoa, 1 chopped onion, handful of green olives, small bunch of chopped parsley

#### Method

- Mix the lemon zest, juice, oil, and spices together. Then pour the mixture over the chicken. Put in the oven for 20 mins.
- Cook the quinoa using the instructions on the packet, then put into a large bowl. Stir through the rest of the ingredients and serve. Take the chicken from the oven and put on top of the quinoa and add the juices.







p f g send message | comments

- a Who is the writer of the blog?
- b What's the purpose of this blog?
- c Who would read her blog?
- d Now, tick. What is a recipe?
  - A list of ingredients and instructions for making a dish.
  - A part of a blog to post pictures of food.



a	<u>How old</u> is she?	Shes 14.
b	does she live?	
c	does she love?	
d	is her best friend?	

Now answer the questions below.

- a Is Fatima from Algeria?
- **b** Does her grandmother have secret recipes?
- c Do Yasmine and Fatima have recipes to share?

Read the recipe on the blog again. Match the phrases to the pictures.









small bunch
small bunch

tbsp	(tab	lespoor	า)
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	handfu
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)	tsp	(teaspoon)	)
	٦٥٢	(0000)	′

# **Studio**

9	Think about everything you have learnt so far about healthy eating. Tick the advice that can help your diet.
	Add salt to your food.
	Try not to drink lots of sugary drinks.
	Eat high-fat foods every time you eat fast food.
	Choose wholemeal bread instead of white bread.
	Try to eat different coloured fruit and vegetables every day.

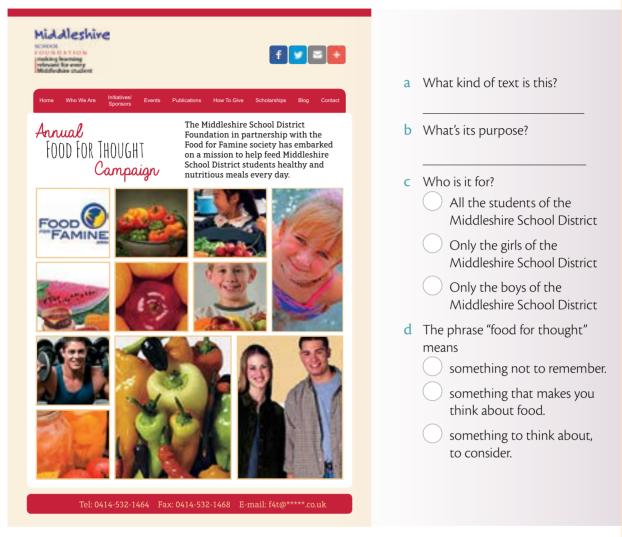
- Personal challenge! Create your own healthy eating plan.a Write at least five foods for each group.
  - b Think about your choices. Can you make these changes happen?

Healthy foods I already eat.	Healthy foods I will try with little or no effort.
	Healthy foods I can try with some effort.
	Healthy foods I can try with some effort.
	Healthy foods I can try with some effort.
	Healthy foods I can try with some effort.
	Healthy foods I can try with some effort.
	Healthy foods I can try with some effort.
	Healthy foods I can try with some effort.

- Write and share a family recipe. Use a dictionary to help you.
  - First, make a list of all the ingredients needed in the recipe, with the amounts required (teaspoon, tablespoon, cup, handful, bunch etc.).
  - Then, give the instructions for the recipe (pour, mix, boil, stir etc.).
  - If possible, add an interesting picture of the finished dish, or draw it.
  - Publish your recipe on your school website.



#### Look at the image below and answer the questions.





### (2) 🔐 Let's talk about YOUR school canteen.

- a What's your opinion about the food in your school canteen?
- **b** Check which food groups are served in the school canteen.
  - Take notes of the foods you find.
  - Write which are healthy, which are OK, and which are not healthy at all.
  - Share your notes with the whole class.
- c Plan a campaign for a healthier menu at school.
  - Decide on how the canteen food and products could be improved.
  - Write your suggestions. Which food items should stay, and which should be changed? Be creative!
  - Invite people to join the cause.